LibreView* Quick Reference Guide



Save time by using LibreView*

- Access real-time patient data anytime, anywhere^{†‡}
- View easy-to-understand reports¹
- Make more informed treatment decisions¹

LibreView



Not actual patient data; for illustrative purposes only.

^{*}The LibreView data management software is intended for use by both patients and healthcare professionals to assist people with diabetes and their healthcare professionals in the review, analysis and evaluation of historical glucose meter data to support effective diabetes management. The LibreView software is not intended to provide treatment decisions or to be used as a substitute for professional healthcare advice. †The user's device must have internet connectivity for glucose data to automatically upload to LibreView. †Glucose readings are not available during 1-hour warm-up, when sensor is too hot or too cold, when you see an error or "LO" or "HI" message, or no current glucose reading.

^{1.} Unger, Jeff, Pamela Kushner, and John E. Anderson. "Practical Guidance for Using the FreeStyle Libre Flash Continuous Glucose Monitoring in Primary Care." Postgraduate Medicine 132, no. 4 (May 2020): 305-313. https://doi.org/10.1080/00325481.2020.1744393.

Incorporating LibreView* into your practice

Follow these steps to get the most out of LibreView*

1

Select a LibreView* report:

• Compare patient glucose data and time in ranges with American Diabetes Association (ADA) recommendations (A1c <7% or TIR⁺>70%, with time below range <4%, for most adults[‡])¹

3

Discuss with the patient²:

- What are possible causes of hypoglycemic events?
- Where can improvements be made?
- How can we replicate what is working well?

5

Set or reassess individual goals²:

 Discuss physical activity, diet, and medication changes⁴

7

Document the visit⁵:

- Current procedural terminology (CPT) covers CGM implementation and interpretation in your practice
- Use codes 95251 and 95249

2

Assess patient safety by identifying²:

- Any hypoglycemic events or patterns
- Postprandial spikes in glucose
- Periods of high glycemic variability

4

Identify and celebrate positive modifications²:

- Amount of time CGM is active (recommend 70% time active³)
- Periods of sustained time in range
- Days without severe highs or lows

6

Schedule a follow-up appointment or monitor remotely§

95251: Analysis, interpretation, and reporting of CGM data for a minimum of 72 hours of data collection⁵

95249: Ambulatory CGM of interstitial tissue fluid via a subcutaneous sensor for a minimum of 72 hours; patient-provided equipment, sensor placement, hook-up, calibration of monitor, patient training and printout of recording⁵

Practice these steps with the LibreView* reports available to you.

Note: Abbott provides this information as a courtesy, it is subject to change and interpretation. The customer is ultimately responsible for determining the appropriate codes, coverage, and payment policies for individual patients. Abbott does not guarantee third party coverage or payment for our products or reimburse customers for claims that are denied by third party payors.

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1. ADA. Diabetes Care (2023): https://doi.org/10.2337/dc23-S006. 2. ADCES (2020). Accessed August 2023. https://www.diabeteseducator.org/docs/default-source/practice/educator-tools/cgm-playbook.pdf. 3. Bergenstal, R. M. ADA Clinical Compendia (2018): https://doi.org/10.2337/db20181-20. 4. Aleppo, G. Journal of Diabetes Science and Technology (2018): https://doi.org/10.1177/1932296818813581. 5. American Medical Association CPT. Professional Codebook (2023).

Using the Ambulatory Glucose Profile report

Mirroring the recommendations of the International Consensus¹, the Ambulatory Glucose Profile (AGP) report reveals glucose variations that can help focus treatment^{1,2}

See your patient's glucose metrics — and time in ranges compared to goals

Significance of Time in Range* (TIR):

- Every 10% increase in TIR* = ~0.8% decrease in A1c³
- Each 5% increase in TIR* is clinically significant¹

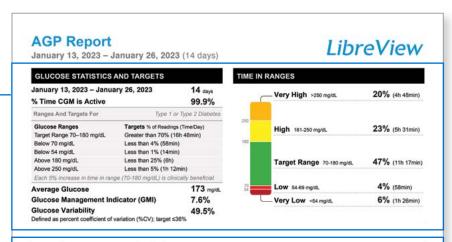
Review a 14-day glucose profile to see — patterns, trends, and glycemic variability

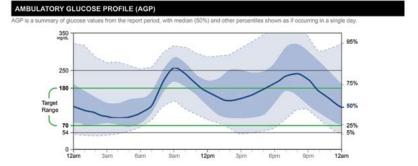
- Quick tips⁴:
- FLAT is better than jagged
- NARROW is better than broad
- IN RANGE is better than outside of target range*

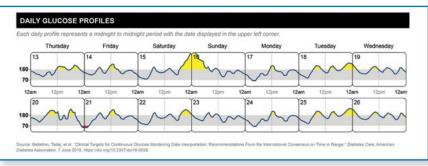
Identify specific glycemic events not visible in weekly averages

Patient discussion tip:

Highlight glucose spikes or lows and ask the patient what may have caused the glycemic event







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Make more informed decisions with individualized data not reflected by A1c1, with the AGP report.

1. Battelino, T. Diabetes Care (2019): https://doi.org/10.2337/dci3-5006. Vigersky, R. Diabetes Technology and Therapeutics (2019): https://doi.org/10.1089/dia.2018.0310. 4. Bergenstal, R. M. ADA Clinical Compendia (2018): https://doi.org/10.1089/dia.2018.0310. 4. Bergenstal, R. M. ADA Clinical Compendia (2018): https://doi.org/10.2337/db20181-20.

^{*}Default range is 70-180 mg/dL.

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Using the Glucose Pattern Insights report

The Glucose Pattern Insights (GPI) report provides a guided interpretation of your patient's CGM data to highlight important patterns



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Use the GPI report to elevate patient care and interpret CGM data.

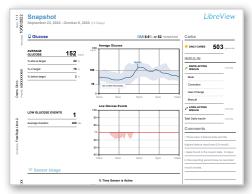
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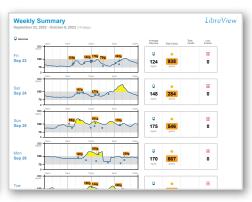
^{1.} Battelino, T. Diabetes Care (2019): https://doi.org/10.2337/dc219-0028. 2. ADA. Diabetes Care (2023): https://doi.org/10.2337/dc23-5006.

Assessing additional reports

Using patient-specific data, LibreView* reports uncover hidden glucose patterns for a complete picture¹







SNAPSHOT

An overview of your patient's average glucose and hypoglycemia events.

DAILY LOG

Entries for each time the patient scanned/viewed their glucose, performed a blood glucose test, and entered carbohydrates, insulin, and exercise.

WEEKLY SUMMARY

Shows average glucose, scans/views, carbs, and insulin entered for a full week.

Additional reports include:

Monthly Summary

Monthly list of daily average glucose readings, glucose scans/ views per day, and low glucose events.

Mealtime Patterns

Highlights pre- and post-meal glucose levels throughout the day and daily averages for the 14-day wear period.

Daily Patterns

Shows glucose, carbohydrate, and insulin data over the "typical" day.

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Use different LibreView* reports to tailor your discussions to your patient's needs.

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Getting started is easy with LibreView*

Visit LibreView.com/auth/register and follow these 3 steps or scan the QR code:

- 1 Set up a LibreView* Practice account
- 2 Add Care Team members
- 3 Choose an option to connect with patients to share data



You can do this in 2 ways:

Option 1: Share Practice ID

Write your ID in the box to share with your patients

Customize your Practice ID with something memorable (e.g., consider using a phone number, name of practice, or the last name of a provider for your Practice ID)

Option 2: Invite new or existing patients

Add their email to your LibreView* Practice through the patient dashboard

Make the most of LibreView* data and reports today!

LibreView Specialist Team

Call

Toll Free: (855) 450-3563 ext 3, Monday-Friday 9:00am - 8:00pm ET

Email

libreviewsupport@abbott.com

Book

1:1 session with the LibreView Specialist Team via their Team Booking Site - diabetescare.abbott/lvs

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IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

FreeStyle Libre 14 day, FreeStyle Libre 2 and FreeStyle Libre 3 systems: Failure to use FreeStyle Libre systems as instructed in labeling may result in missing a severe low or high glucose event and/or making a treatment decision, resulting in injury. If glucose reading and alarms (if enabled) do not match symptoms or expectations, use a fingerstick value from a blood glucose meter for treatment decisions. Seek medical attention when appropriate or contact Abbott at 855-632-8658 or https://www.freestyle.abbott/us-en/safety-information.html for safety info.

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